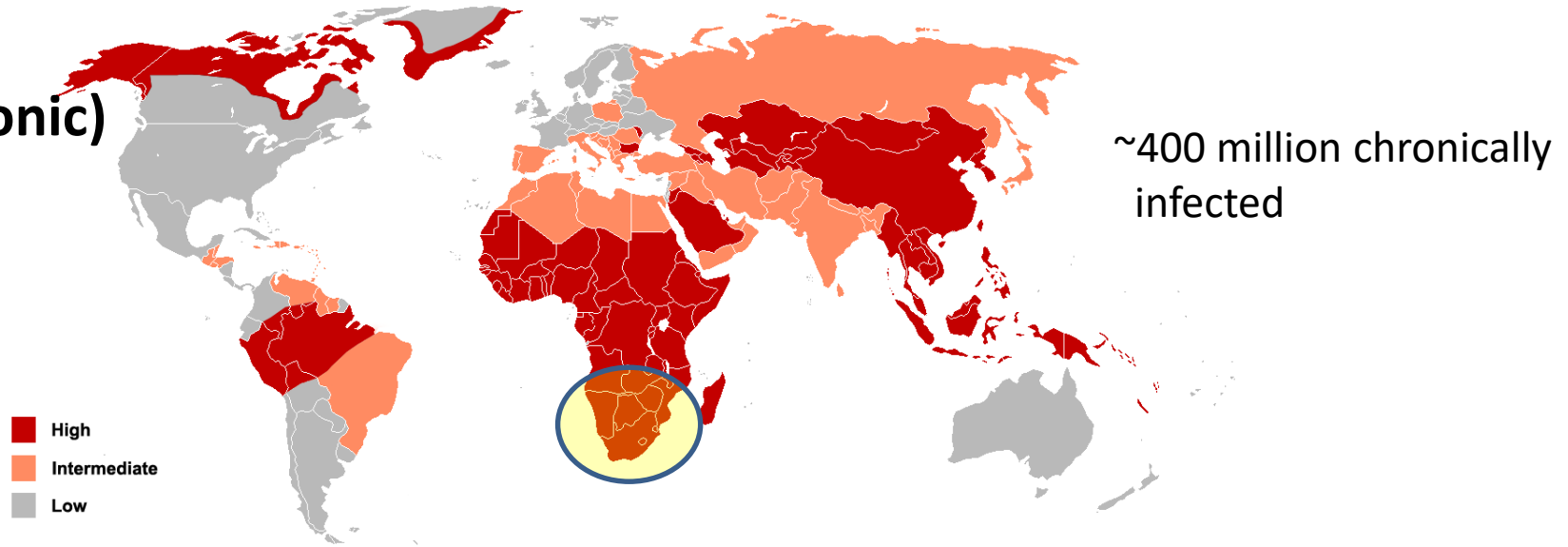
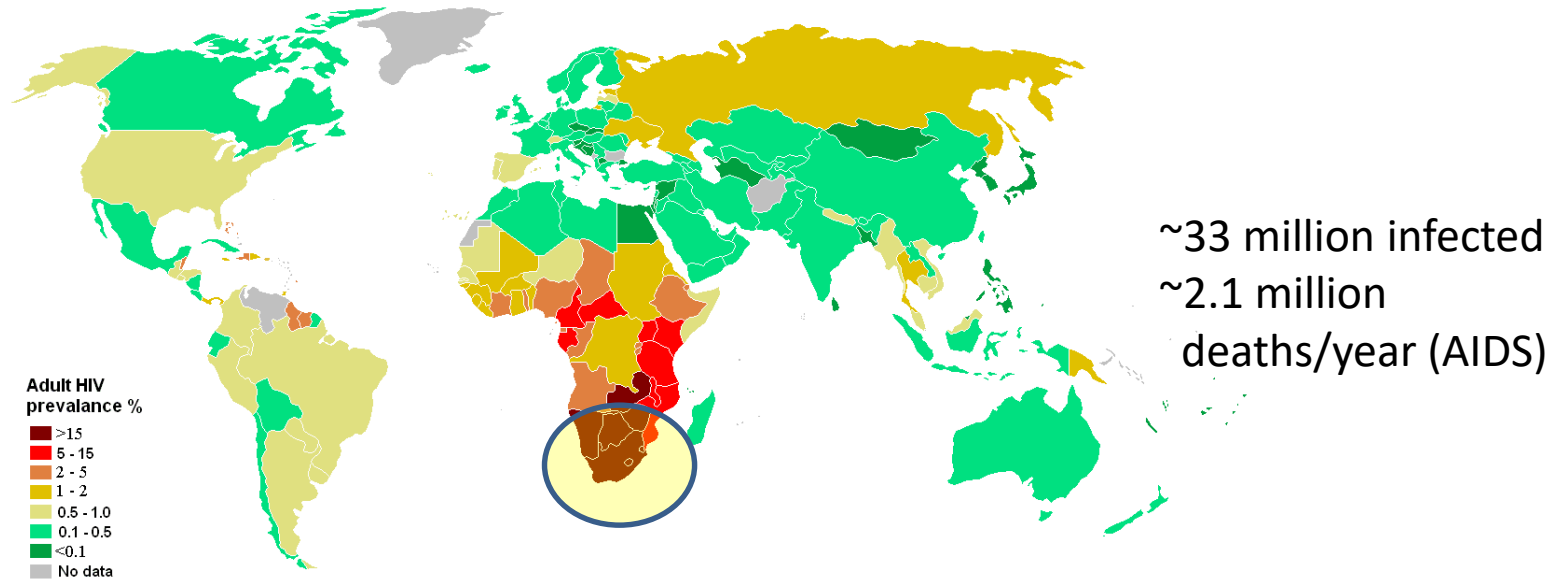


HBV (chronic)



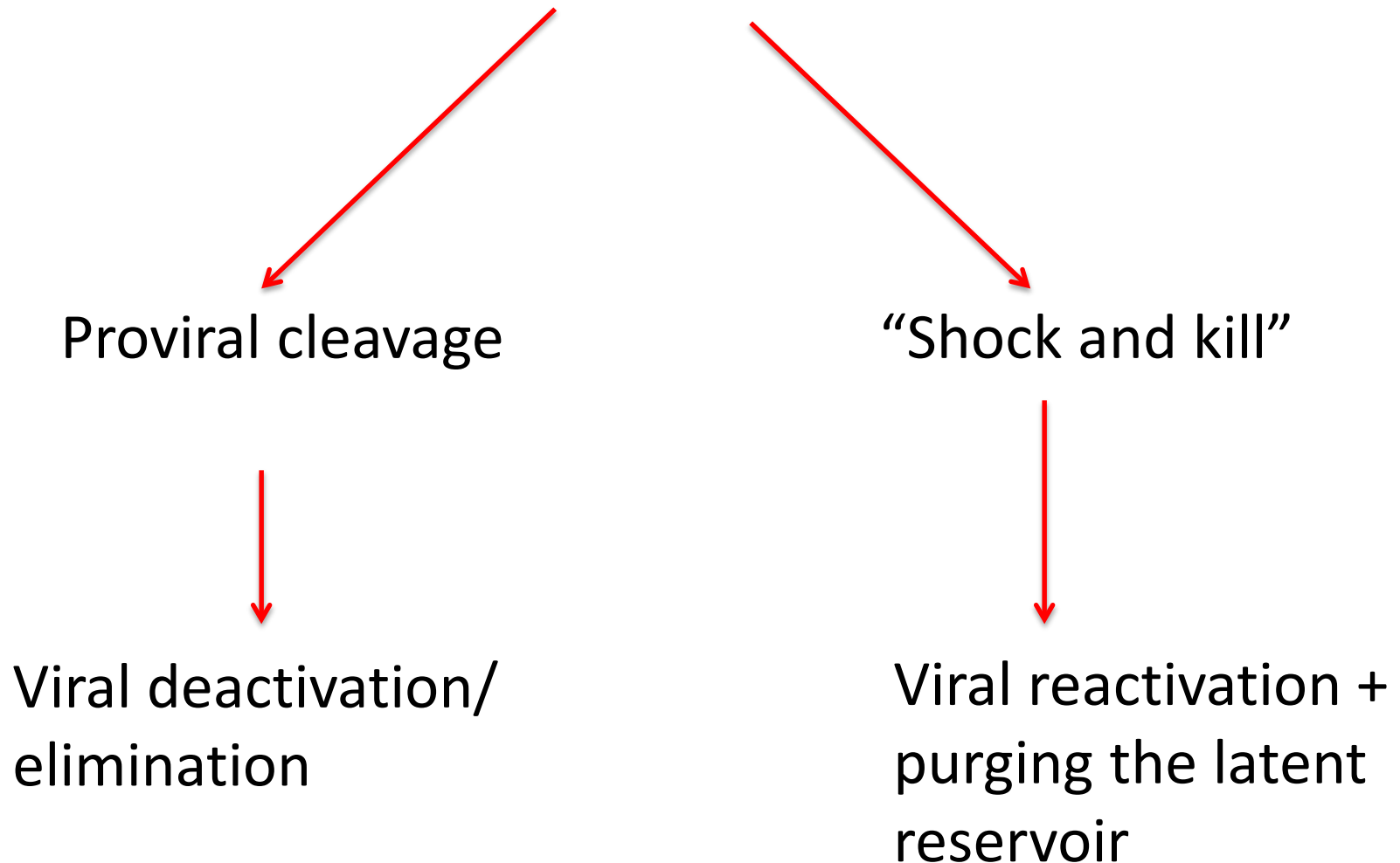
HIV



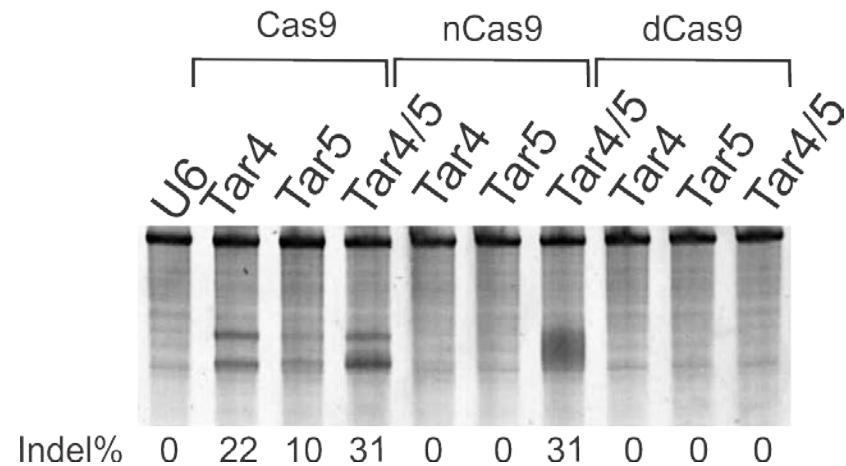
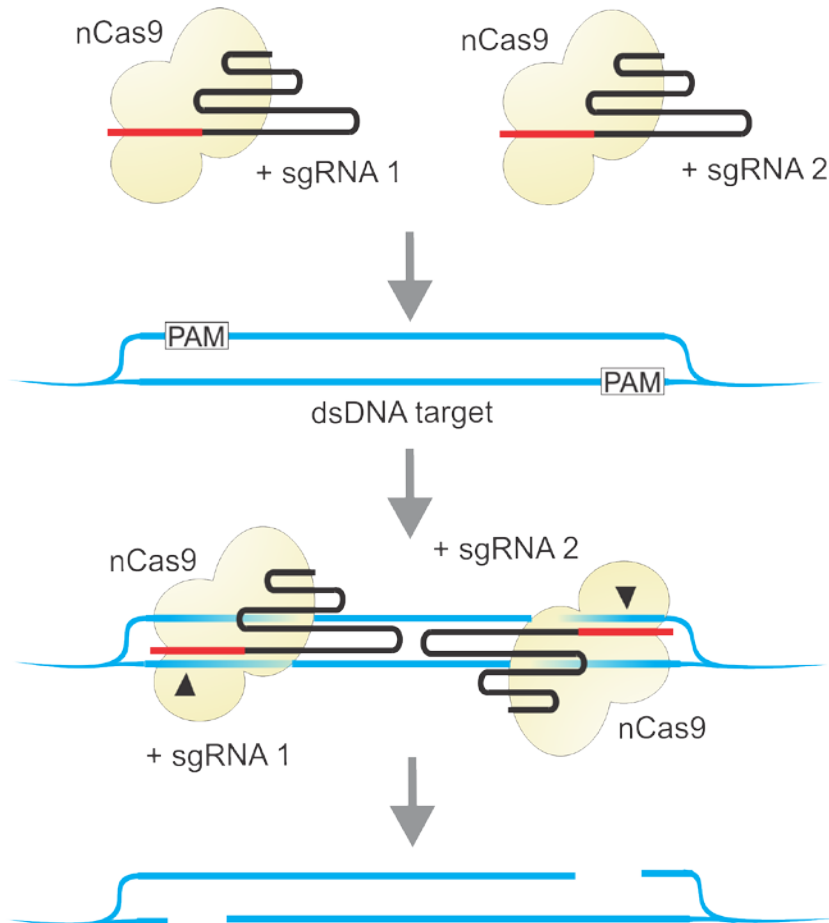
How to eradicate rogue viral DNA?

- HBV and HIV are both chronic viral infections. Lifelong treatment is necessary. None of the >25 approved drugs for HIV or HBV can clear the infection.
- HBV replicates via a closed circular DNA (cccDNA) intermediate which persists in the liver.
- HIV forms a dsDNA which integrates into the human genome (provirus) of infected CD4+ cells
- CCR5 editing is a promising approach for HIV. But feasibility/ applicability of *ex vivo* stem cell manipulation is limited

CRISPR “functional cure” paradigms when targeting HIV directly

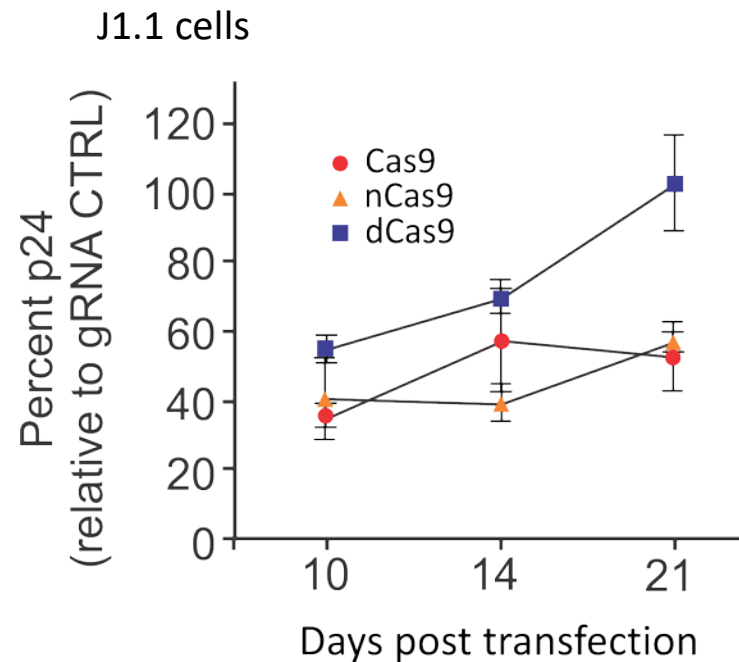
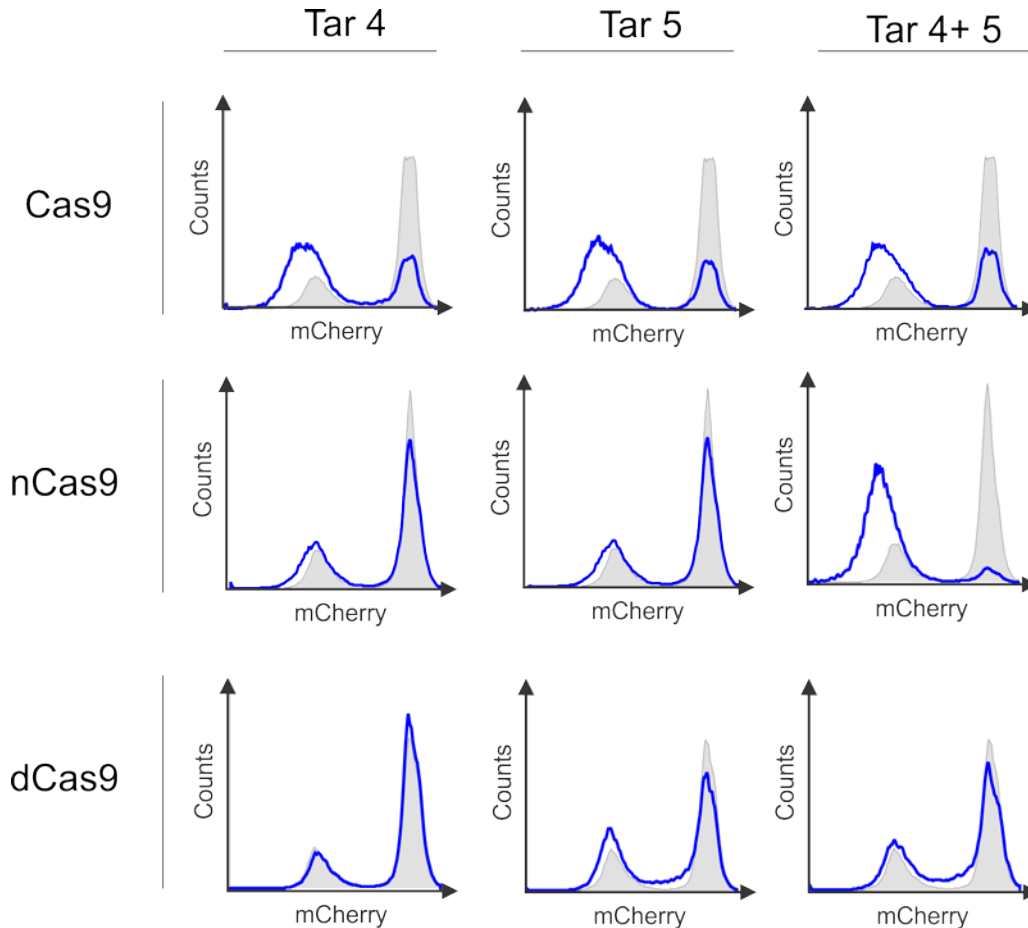


Gene editing using paired sgRNAs and Cas9 “nickase” targeted to HIV

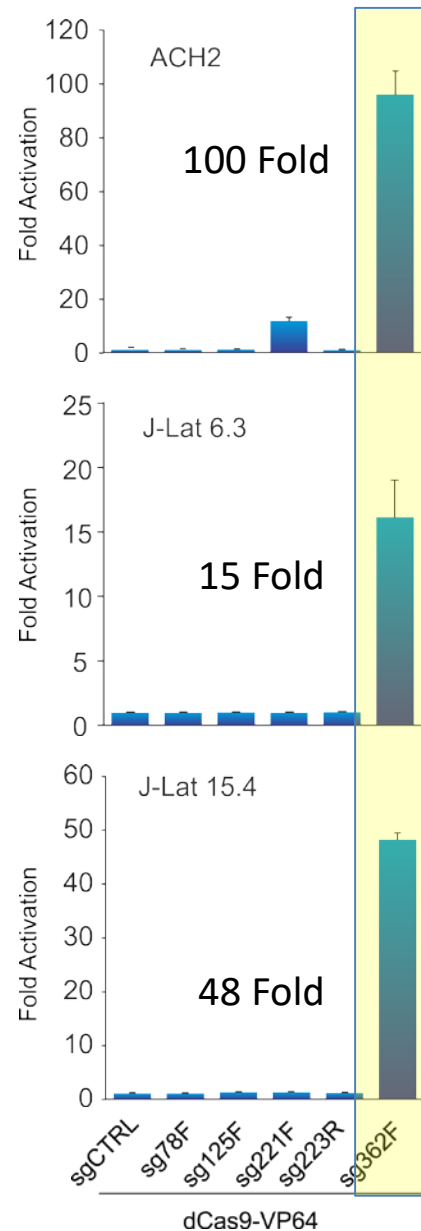
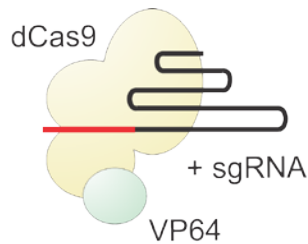


Suppression of HIV proviral expression

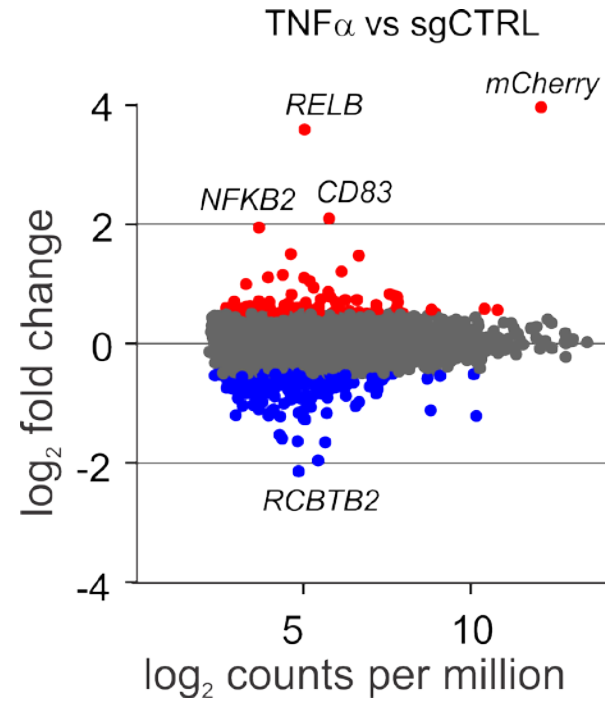
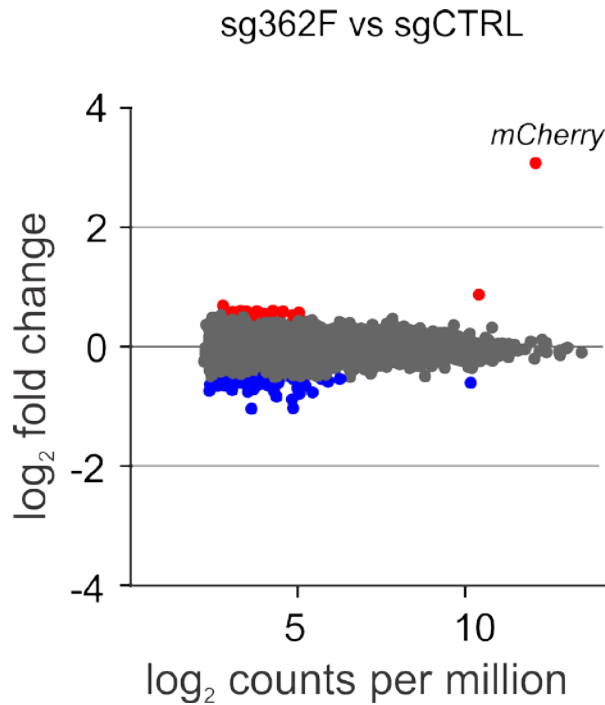
LChIT CEM T cells



CRISPR activation (CRISPRa) “shock and kill”



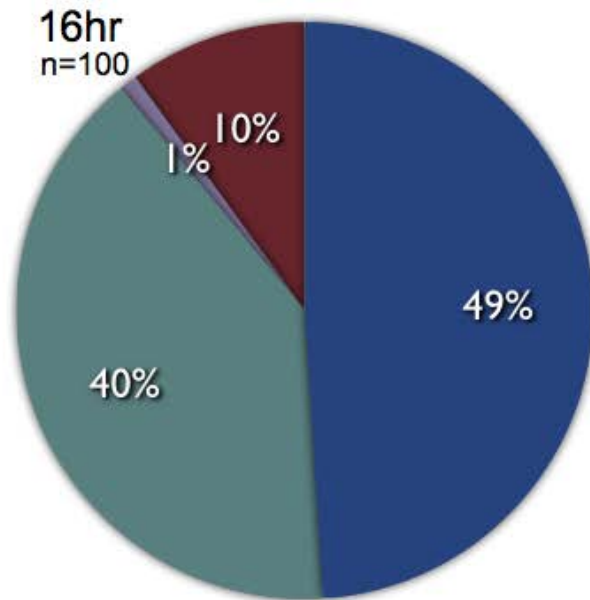
CRISPRa “on-target” specificity



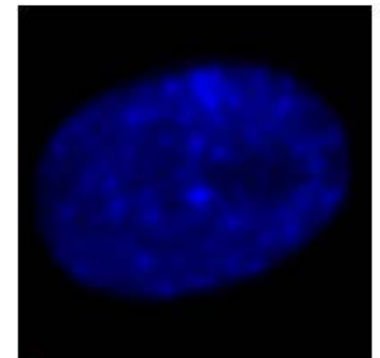
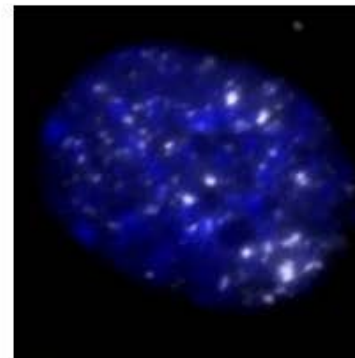
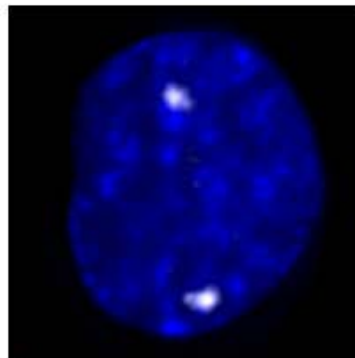
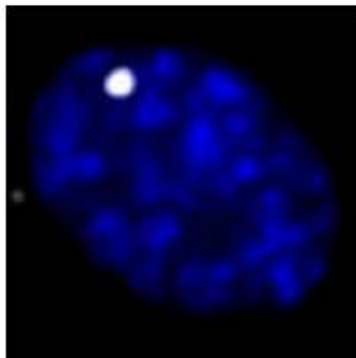
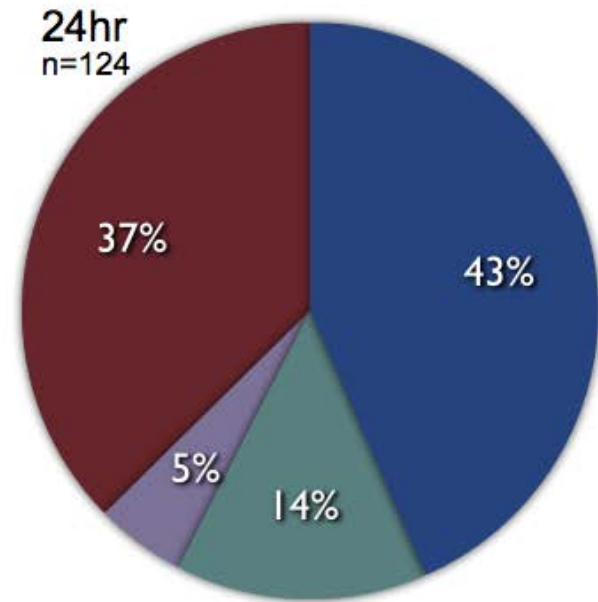
Summary

- CRISPR is a powerful tool with the potential to eradicate integrated and/or persistent rogue viral diseases such as HBV and HIV
- Some future hurdles exist:
 - Adequate strategy for *in vivo* delivery
 - Need to reach 100% of infected cells/reservoirs
 - Emergence of resistant virus
 - Removing/reducing Cas9 exposure (nuclease activity)

CRSIPR/Cas9



TALENs



● Single allelic break

● Dual allelic break

● Multiple breaks

● No breaks