





Discovering new drugs and diagnostics from 300 billion points of data

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Department of Pediatrics,
Department of Medicine, and, by courtesy,
Computer Science

Center for Pediatric Bioinformatics, LPCH Stanford University

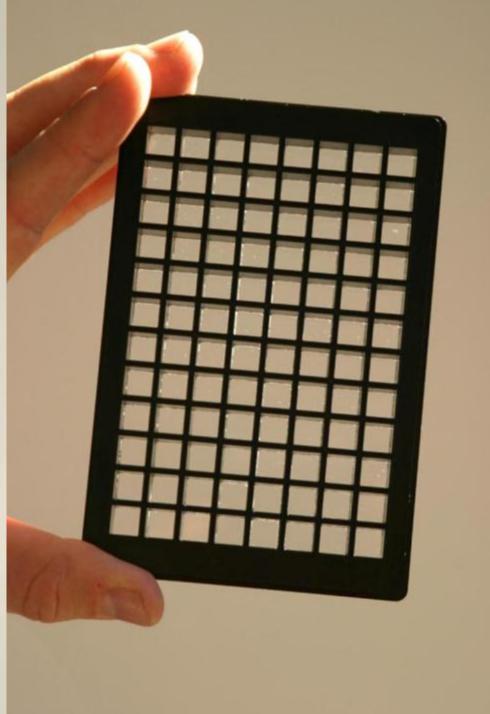


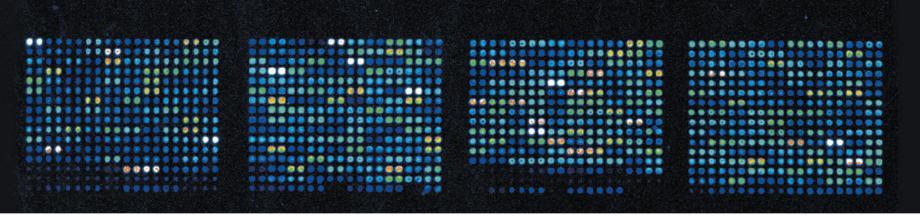
Disclosures

- Scientific founder and advisory board membership
 - Genstruct
 - NuMedii
 - Personalis
 - Carmenta
- Past or present consultancy
 - Lilly
 - Johnson and Johnson
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 - NuMedii
 - Genstruct
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 - Ansh Labs
 - Prevendia
 - Samsung
 - Assay Depot

- Honoraria
 - Lilly
 - Pfizer
 - Siemens
 - Bristol Myers Squibb
- Speakers' bureau
 - None
- Companies started by students
 - Carmenta
 - Serendipity
 - NuMedii
 - Stimulomics
 - NunaHealth
 - Praedicat
 - Flipora







DNA microarrays allow researchers to analyse the expression of a huge number of genes simultaneously.

GENOMICS

Gene data to hit milestone

With close to one million gene -expression data sets now in publi The number of gene-expression data sets in researchers can identify disease trends without ever having to einearly one million over the past decade.

BY MONYA BAKER

urvesh Khatri sits in front of an oversized computer screen, trawling for treasure in a sea of genetic data. Entering the search term 'breast cancer' into a public repository called the Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO), the postdoctoral researcher retrieves a list of 1,170 experiments, representing nearly 33,000 samples and a hoard of gene-expression data that could reveal previously unseen patterns.

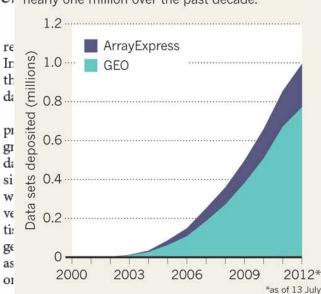
That is exactly the kind of search that led Khatri's boss, Atul Butte, a bioinformatician at the Stanford School of Medicine in California, to identify a new drug target for diabetes. After downloading data from 130 gene-expression

for discovery," he says. Those are for validating hypotheses. The beauty of analysing data from multiple experiments is that biases and artefacts should cancel out between data sets. helping true relationships to stand out, Butte says. "There is safety in numbers."

And those numbers are rising rapidly. Since 2002, many scientific journals have required that data from gene-expression studies be deposited in public databases such as GEO, which is maintained by the National Center for Biotechnology Information in Bethesda, Maryland, and ArrayExpress, a large gene-expression

DATA DUMP

publicly available databases has climbed to



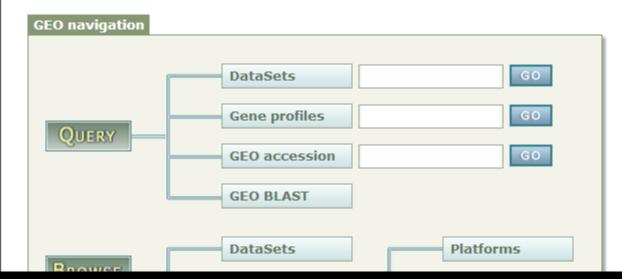
DATA DUMP





MCBI » GEO Publications FAQ MIAME Email GEO
Log

Gene Expression Omnibus: a public functional genomics data repository supporting MIAME-compliant data submissions. Array- and sequence-based data are accepted. Tools are provided to help users query and download



experiments and curated gene expression profiles. More information »





■ E-WMIT-10

■ E-MTAB-28

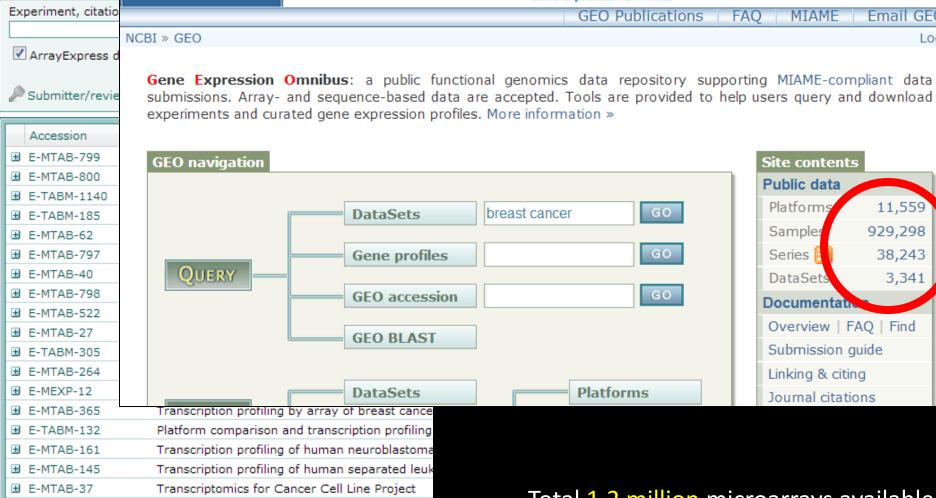
■ E-MTAB-783

■ E-MTAB-26

■ E-TABM-927

■ E-TABM-913





Chromatin immunoprecipitation genome wide le Transcription profiling of mouse metaanalysis s

Gene expression analysis of 789 cancer cell lin-

Transcription profiling of mouse samples - re-a

Genotypin a numan mphoblastoid cell lines

typing of human cancer

6338 experiments, 228417 assays Displaying experi

activity profiling of Naman locally advan

cell lines

Total 1.2 million microarrays available

Doubles every 2-3 years

Butte AJ. Translational Bioinformatics: coming of age. *JAMIA*, 2008.



of 1969 | Next >

Sign in to NCBI

GEO DataSets

GEO DataSets V

breast cancer

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Help

Display Settings: Summary, 20 per page, Sorted by Default order

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Results: 1 to 20 of 39372

<< First < Prev Page | 1

All (39372)

Leukemia inhibitory factor effect on Sin3a-silenced MCF7 breast cancer cell

1. line

> Analysis of SIN3 transcription regulator homolog A (Sin3a)-depleted MCF7 cells stimulated with LIF cytokine to activate signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 (STAT3). STAT3 transcription factor is a potent oncogene. Results provide insight into role of Sin3a in mediating STAT3 activity.

Organism: Homo sapiens

Type: Expression profiling by array, transformed count, 2 agent, 2 genotype/variation sets

Platform: GPL570 Series: GSE35696 11 Samples

Download data: GEO (CEL)

DataSet Accession: GDS4388 ID: 4388

Full text in PMC PubMed Similar studies GEO Profiles Analyze DataSet Top Organisms [Tree]

Homo sapiens (36547)

Mus musculus (2686)

Rattus norvegicus (182)

Canis lupus familiaris (31)

Human herpesvirus 8 (5)

More...

Co-expression of tyrosine kinase receptors HER2 and HER3 in mammary epithelial cells MCF10A grown in three-dimensional cultures

Analysis of MCF10A mammary epithelial cells expressing HER2, HER3, or HER2/HER3 heterodimer. Co-expression of HER2 and HER3 induced migration and invasion of MCF10A cells. Results provide insight into the role of HER2 and HER3 in breast cancer.

Organism: Homo sapiens

Type: Expression profiling by array, transformed count, 4 genotype/variation sets

Database: Select





ARTICLE

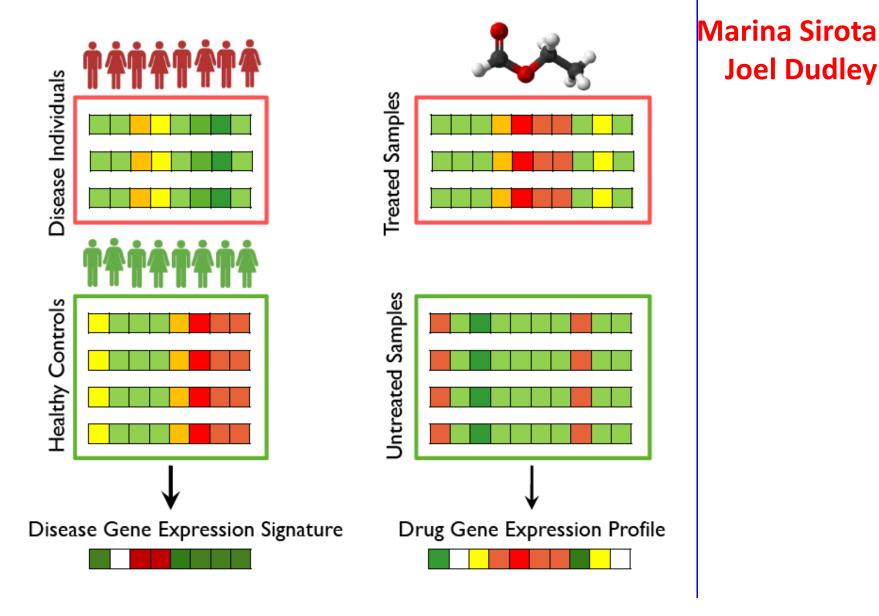
The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups

Christina Curtis^{1,2}†*, Sohrab P. Shah^{3,4}*, Suet-Feung Chin^{1,2}*, Gulisa Turashvili^{3,4}*, Oscar M. Rueda^{1,2}, Mark J. Dunning², Doug Speed^{2,5}†, Andy G. Lynch^{1,2}, Shamith Samarajiwa^{1,2}, Yinyin Yuan^{1,2}, Stefan Gräf^{1,2}, Gavin Ha³, Gholamreza Haffari³, Ali Bashashati³, Roslin Russell², Steven McKinney^{3,4}, METABRIC Group‡, Anita Langerød⁶, Andrew Green⁷, Elena Provenzano⁸, Gordon Wishart⁸, Sarah Pinder⁹, Peter Watson^{3,4,10}, Florian Markowetz^{1,2}, Leigh Murphy¹⁰, Ian Ellis⁷, Arnie Purushotham^{9,11}, Anne-Lise Børresen-Dale^{6,12}, James D. Brenton^{2,13}, Simon Tavaré^{1,2,5,14}, Carlos Caldas^{1,2,8,13} & Samuel Aparicio^{3,4}

The elucidation of breast cancer subgroups and their molecular drivers requires integrated views of the genome and transcriptome from representative numbers of patients. We present an integrated analysis of copy number and gene expression in a discovery and validation set of 997 and 995 primary breast tumours, respectively, with long-term clinical follow-up. Inherited variants (copy number variants and single nucleotide polymorphisms) and acquired somatic copy number aberrations (CNAs) were associated with expression in ~40% of genes, with the landscape dominated by *cis*-and *trans*-acting CNAs. By delineating expression outlier genes driven in *cis* by CNAs, we identified putative cancer genes, including deletions in *PPP2R2A*, *MTAP* and *MAP2K4*. Unsupervised analysis of paired DNA-RNA profiles revealed novel subgroups with distinct clinical outcomes, which reproduced in the validation cohort. These include a high-risk, oestrogen-receptor-positive 11q13/14 *cis*-acting subgroup and a favourable prognosis subgroup devoid of CNAs. *Trans*-acting aberration hotspots were found to modulate subgroup-specific gene networks, including a TCR deletion-mediated adaptive immune response in the 'CNA-devoid' subgroup and a basal-specific chromosome 5 deletion-associated mitotic network. Our results provide a novel molecular stratification of the breast cancer population, derived from the impact of somatic CNAs on the transcriptome.

The Cancer Genome Atlas Understanding genomics to improve cancer care

Available Cancer Types	# Patients with Samples	# Downloadable Tumor Samples	Updated
Acute Myeloid Leukemia [LAML]	202	200	04/04/12
Bladder Urothelial Carcinoma [BLCA]	89	78	04/12/12
Brain Lower Grade Glioma [LGG]	144	80	04/10/12
Breast invasive carcinoma [BRCA]	861	866	04/08/12
Cervical squamous cell carcinoma and endocervical adenocarcinoma [CESC]	99	37	04/12/12
Colon adenocarcinoma [COAD]	423	422	03/26/12
Glioblastoma multiforme [GBM]	598	581	04/09/12
Head and Neck squamous cell carcinoma[HNSC]	312	292	04/13/12
Kidney renal clear cell carcinoma [KIRC]	502	501	04/12/12
Kidney renal papillary cell carcinoma [KIRP]	103	97	04/13/12
Liver hepatocellular carcinoma [LIHC]	84	55	03/24/12
Lung adenocarcinoma [LUAD]	374	351	04/12/12
Lung squamous cell carcinoma [LUSC]	290	283	04/13/12
Lymphoid Neoplasm Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma [DLBC]	27	0	04/12/12
Lymphoid Neoplasm Non-Hodgkins Lymphoma [LNNH]	2	0	11/16/11
Ovarian serous cystadenocarcinoma [OV]	597	591	04/13/12
Pancreatic adenocarcinoma [PAAD]	48	38	03/29/12
Prostate adenocarcinoma [PRAD]	153	153	04/13/12



Lamb J, ..., Golub TR. Science, 2006. Sirota M, Dudley JT, ..., Sweet-Cordero A, Sage J, Butte AJ. Science Translational Medicine, 2011.

Joel Dudley

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Myocardial Infarction

Restenosis

Ventricular Tachycardia

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Lupus

Psoriasis

Rosacea

Skin Graft

Wound Healing

Diabetes Models

BB/W Rats

Food Intake

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Non Obese Diabetic Mice

Ohese Mice

Primate Diabetes

Streptozotocin Mice

Streptozotocin Rats

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IGA Glomerulonephritis

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In Vitro Eye Models

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Imaging

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Microdialysis

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Bacterial Infection

Dengue Virus

Hepatitis C Virus

Influenza

LCMV Mouse

Malaria

Inflammation Models

Arthritis

Delayed Type Hypersens

Edema

Hemophilia

Irritable Bowel Disease

Irritant

LPS Acute Response

Mucositis

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Cerebral Palsy

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Corneal Dystrophy

Otology Models

Hearing Loss Meniere's Disease Pain Models

General Pain Inflammatory Pain Respiratory Models

Ascaris Lung Allergy Cough



biology

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pharmacology

toxicology

Home » Pharmacology » Diabetes and Obesity » Obese Mice

ob/ob Diabetes Model - 16 Mice

Service Description

Provider: Links Biosciences is a US company with laboratories in Hangzhou, China. The laboratory has been offering exploratory (non-GLP) pharmacology services to US and Chinese biopharma since 2004.

Background: The obese mutant mouse model was first reported by Ingalls A et al from the Jackson Laboratory in 1951 (Obese, a New Mutation in the House Mouse [164 KB]). The obese mouse resulted from a spontaneous mutation in a gene that was named ob in the V stock. Mice homozygous for the obese spontaneous mutation, (Lep^ob^; commonly referred to as ob or ob/ob), are first recognizable at about 4 weeks of age. Homozygous mutant mice gain weight rapidly and may reach three times the weight of wild-type controls. In addition to obesity, mutant mice exhibit hyperphagia, a diabetes-like syndrome of hyperglycemia, glucose intolerance, elevated plasma insulin, subfertility, impaired wound healing, and an increase in hormone production from both pituitary and adrenal glands. Friedman J et al reported leptin in 1994, and demonstrated that leptin, the product of the ob gene, was produced in white adipose tissue and served as the peripheral signal to the central nervous system of nutritional status.

Service Details: This service offers a 28 day db/db mouse model of T2DM and obesity. Customer has various options that are conveved to Links Biosciences using a Service Order Form. Customer assigns up to 16 mice to



biology

chemistry

dmpk

pharmacology

toxicology

Home » Pharmacology » Diabetes and Obesity » Obese Mice

ob/ob Diabetes Model - 16 Mice

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per service

9 week

turn around time

Provided By

Links Biosciences







Scroll down to browse a list of available research models for Type I and Type II diabetes, hyperglycemia, insulin resistance, diet-induced obesity and related diseases. Use the filters on the left to refine the list and then click on any listing to view technical information or to ask a question.

Click on the Vendors tab to view a complete list of CROs that offer diabetes and obesity pharmacology models.

Search Filters

Diabetes and Obesity

BB/W Rats Food Intake Goto-Kakizaki Rats Non Obese Diabetic Mice Obese Mice Obese Primates Primate Diabetes Streptozotocin Mice Streptozotocin Rats

Certifications

fa/fa Zucker Diabetic Rats

db/db Diabetic Mice

GLP (48) AAALAC (28) GMP (20)

ISO 9001 (7)

GCP (7)

FDA (5)

USDA (4)

more

Locations

United Ctates (64)

VIEW SERVICES

VIEW VENDORS

133 results get help

♠ Univ. of Maryland School of Medicine Obesity and Diabetes Research Center

University of Maryland School of Medicine Obesity and Diabetes Research Center focuses on research of obesity, diabetes, and aging in nonhuman primates.

♠ Transgenic Rabbit Models

Transgenic Rabbit Models offers transgenic rabbit models for the study of atherosclerosis, ophtalmology, hypertrophic myopathies, diabetes, obesity, hemostasis, respiratory diseases, AIDS, and cancer.

⋒ Ophthy-DS

Ophthy-DS offers ophthalmic model services for macular degeneration, diabetes, uveitis, and dry eye.

♠ PharmaNess

PharmaNess offers pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, formulations, behavioral assay, in vivo screening, ex vivo screening, microscopy, stereology and histology staining services.

Misconsin National Primate Research Center

Wisconsin National Primate Research Center focuses on research of regenerative medicine, reproduction, immunology, virology, aging, and metabolic diseases.

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Search PubMed for "Diabetes and Obesity" using BioWizard.

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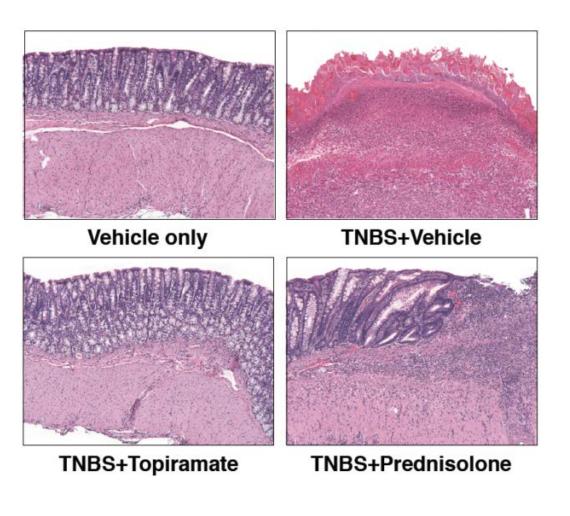
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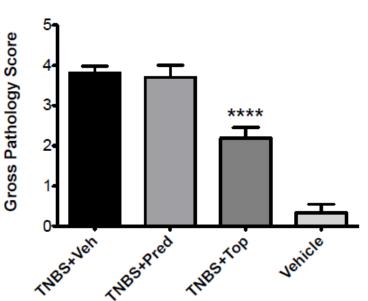
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Anti-seizure drug works against a rat model of inflammatory bowel disease





Marina Sirota
Joel Dudley
Mohan M Shenoy
Jay Pasricha







Rat colonoscopy

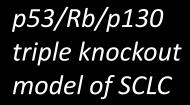
Rat with Inflammatory Bowel Disease

Inflammatory
Bowel Disease
After
Anti-seizure Drug

Drug X Shows Significant Activity Against Small Cell Lung Cancer











Mice dosed after tumor formation

Nadine Jahchan Joel Dudley Julien Sage Joel Neal

Alejandro Sweet-Cordero NuMedii

Control

Drug X

Drug development

NuMedii lands 1st deal to spin drug data into product gold

San Francisco Business Times by Ron Leuty, Reporter Date: Wednesday, October 3, 2012, 5:30am PDT - Last Modified: Wednesday, October 3, 2012, 6:27am PDT



Ron Leuty Reporter-San Francisco Business Times

NuMedii Inc. is looking to make a big difference in drug development with Big Data.

The Mountain View company co-founded by Stanford University's Atul Butte and his wife, former Affymetrix executive Gini Deshpande, said Wednesday that it inked a deal to help drug developer Aptalis Pharma Inc. find new treatments for gastrointestinal disorders and cystic fibrosis.



Stanford University professor and NuMedii co-founder Atul Butte.

What's Next In Medical Innovation

Using data to find new drug-disease matches wins startup NuMedii its first pharma deal

October 3, 2012 4:02 pm by Deanna Pogorelc | 1 Comments



Pairing existing drugs with new disease applications, using not wet labs but computers, has landed a Stanford startup its first contract with a pharmaceutical company.

Fierce Biotech IT

NEWS TOPICS ANALYSIS FEATURES

Topics: Big Data

UPDATED: 'Big Data' startup wins deal with **Aptalis Pharma**

drugs with new potential uses against diseases.

October 3, 2012 | By Ryan McBride

SHARE

NuMedii has landed a deal with Aptalis Pharma in which the Stanford University spinoff will apply its predictive "Big Data" technology. The companies aim to hunt down and advance drugs to combat gastrointestinal ailments and cystic fibrosis, which are two areas of focus at Aptalis. The deal boosts the commercial credentials of NuMedii, building on the startup's role in a pair of papers last year that showed how its computational method could quickly pair approved and generic

31

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White House Unveils Long-Awaited Public Access Policy

by Jocelyn Kaiser on 22 February 2013, 5:40 PM | 1 Comment



















PREVIOUS ARTICLE

NEXT ARTICLE

In a victory for open access advocates, the White House science office today released a long-awaited policy

aimed at sharing the results of federally funded reagencies make papers that they fund freely availa

The policy follows several years of consultations a last year. It appears to have found a middle ground "open access"—the issue of whether and when so available, for free, to the public. Traditionally, publi journals that charge fees for access to the papers the advent of digital technologies and new research resisted complete and immediate open access, a survive.

John Holdren, Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, "has directed Federal agencies with more than \$100M in R&D expenditures to develop plans to make the published results of federally funded research freely available to the public within one year of publication and requiring researchers to better account for and manage the digital data resulting from federally funded scientific research."



108 million substances x 650,000 assays

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1 billion points of data within a grid of 70 trillion cells

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Resources ✓

TBK1 % inhibit n at 1 uM [UN] Frye lab]

search

Source: ChEMBL

Protein Target: Serine/threonine-protein kinase TBK1; NF-kappa-B-activating kinase Compound BioActivity: 366 Tested

All data AID: 651546

Protein Target Related BioAssays by Target Related BioAssays by Depositor

PIP5K1 (Caliner assay) % inhibition at 5 µM (UNC Five lab).

How To ✓

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PubChem BioAssav



Bin Chen

LIBRARY OF INTEGRATED NETWORK-BASED CELLULAR SIGNATURES

HOME ABOUT CENTERS DATA ASSAYS CELLTYPES PUBLICATIONS NEWS CONTACT

LINCS aims to create a network-based understanding of biology by cataloging changes in gene expression and other cellular processes that occur when cells are exposed to a variety of perturbing agents

LINCS aims to create a network-based understanding of cataloging changes in gene expression and other cellular that occur when cells are exposed to a variety of perturbi and by using computational tools to integrate this diverse into a comprehensive view of normal and disease states is applied for the development of new biomarkers and thera generating and making public data that indicates how cell to various genetic and environmental stressors, the LINC help us gain a more detailed understanding of cell pathwoefforts to develop therapies that might restore perturbed and networks to their normal states.

5,178 compounds

- 1,300 off-patent FDA-approved drugs
- 700 bioactive tool compounds
- 2,000+ screening hits (MLPCN and others)

3,712 genes (shRNA + cDNA)

- targets/pathways of FDA-approved drugs (n=900)
- candidate disease genes (n=600)
- community nominations (n=500+)

15 cell types

- Banked primary cell types
- · Cancer cell lines
- Primary hTERT immortalized
- Patient derived iPS cells
- 5 community nominated





About ImmPort

Access Data

Tools

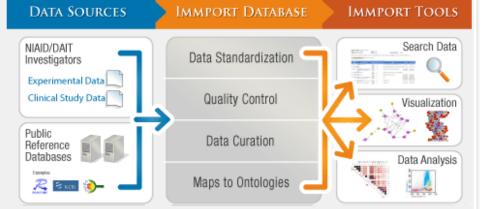
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News & Events

About ImmPort

ImmPort, the Immunology
Database and Analysis Portal, is
a one stop shop to access
reference and experiment data
for immunologists. ImmPort
provides advanced information
technology support in the
production, analysis, archiving,
and exchange of scientific data
for the diverse community of life
science researchers supported
by NIAID/DAIT.

What is ImmPort



Important Notice

We have completed the migration of ImmPort to the NIAID hosted facility. Thank you for your patience during the transition and for finding us at our new home, immport.niaid.nih.gov

Sign In

User Name:

Password:

SIGN IN

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What You Can Do:

Search Data

Visualize Data

Analyze Data



Genes

Access integrated information about genes and their protein products, including structural and functional attributes, biological pathway membership, protein-protein interactions and more.



MHC Alleles

Find complete DNA and protein sequences, sequence features, and population frequencies of MHC, MIC and TAP alleles. Align MHC sequences to visualize extent of polymorphisms.



SNPs

Search the ImmPort Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (SNP) database, a collection of NCBI dbSNP, Entrez Gene and HapMap data.



ImmPort Gene Lists

View detailed information about immunologicallyrelevant genes by category. Examine differential gene expression information from immunologicallyrelevant microarray data sets.



<u>Pathways</u>

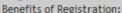
Explore the biological pathways associated with particular genes or proteins using pathway information from KEGG. (BioCarta, Reactome, MGI



Immune Cells

Learn about immunologically relevant cell types and the surface markers expressed and the cytokines

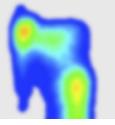
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- » Access to data visualization tools
- » Compare data sets to other researchers
- » Access to data analysis tools

FlowCAP

Flow Cytometry: Critical Assessment of Population Identification Methods project.



The goal of FlowCAP



Take Home Points



 Big Data is out there: molecular, clinical, individual, epidemiological.
 We can get to new uses for therapeutics.



 More data is always better, but there is a lot to execute on today. Don't wait for perfection.



• Discoveries don't happen automatically. A new generation of investigators will have to "own" and follow these findings through validation.

Collaborators

- Jeff Wiser, Patrick Dunn, Mike Atassi / Northrop Grumman
- Ashley Xia and Quan Chen / NIAID
- Takashi Kadowaki, Momoko Horikoshi, Kazuo Hara, Hiroshi Ohtsu / U Tokyo
- Kyoko Toda, Satoru Yamada, Junichiro Irie / Kitasato Univ and Hospital
- Shiro Maeda / RIKEN
- Alejandro Sweet-Cordero, Julien Sage / Pediatric Oncology
- Mark Davis, C. Garrison Fathman / Immunology
- Russ Altman, Steve Quake / Bioengineering
- Euan Ashley, Joseph Wu, Tom Quertermous / Cardiology
- Mike Snyder, Carlos Bustamante, Anne Brunet / Genetics
- Jay Pasricha / Gastroenterology
- Rob Tibshirani, Brad Efron / Statistics
- Hannah Valantine, Kiran Khush/ Cardiology
- Ken Weinberg / Pediatric Stem Cell Therapeutics
- Mark Musen, Nigam Shah / National Center for Biomedical Ontology
- Minnie Sarwal / Nephrology
- David Miklos / Oncology



Support

- Lucile Packard Foundation for Children's Health
- NIH: NIAID, NLM, NIGMS, NCI; NIDDK, NHGRI, NIA, NHLBI, NCATS
- March of Dimes
- Hewlett Packard
- Howard Hughes Medical Institute
- California Institute for Regenerative Medicine
- Scleroderma Research Foundation
- Clayville Research Fund
- PhRMA Foundation
- Stanford Cancer Center, Bio-X
- Tarangini Deshpande
- Alan Krensky, Harvey Cohen
- Hugh O'Brodovich
- Isaac Kohane

Admin and Tech Staff

- Susan Aptekar
- Camilla Morrison
- Alex Skrenchuk

